Docket No.: 1422-0713PUS1 Art Unit: 1795

## AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

## 1.- 2. (Canceled).

- 3 (Currently amended) A method for generating an acid, said method comprising:
- (a) providing a metal hydride complex of the following formula (I) dissolved in a solution consisting essentially of a solvent

(I)

wherein X represents a metal atom; and

- (b) exciting the metal hydride complex by irradiating the complex with a laser beam until deprotonation of the metal hydride complex takes place; thereby
  - (c) producing an acidic solution.
- (Previously presented) The method for generating an acid of claim 3, wherein the metal hydride complex is dissolved in an organic solvent.
- 5. (Previously presented) The method for generating an acid of claim 3 wherein the metal hydride complex is dissolved in water.

2

6. (Canceled)

- 7. (Previously presented) The method for generating an acid of claim 3 wherein the metal atom is iridium
- 8. (Previously presented) The method for generating an acid of claim 3 wherein the metal atom is ruthenium.
- 9. (Previously presented) The method for generating an acid of claim 3 wherein the metal atom is rhodium.
- 10. (Previously presented) The method for generating an acid of claim 3 wherein the metal atom is cobalt.
- 11. (Previously presented) The method for generating an acid of claim 4 wherein the organic solvent is one or more of acetonitrile, a primary, secondary or tertiary alcohol, a polyhydric alcohol, dimethyl formamide, dimethyl sulfoxide and ethyl acetate.
- 12. (Currently Amended) A method for generating an acid for a chemically-amplified photoresist or a color filter for liquid crystals, said method comprising:
- (a) providing a metal hydride complex of formula (I) dissolved in a solution consisting essentially of a solvent

(I)

Application No. 10/573,780 Docket No.: 1422-0713PUS1
Art Unit: 1795

wherein X represents a metal atom; and

(b) exciting the metal hydride complex by irradiating the complex with a laser beam until deprotonation of the metal hydride complex takes place; thereby

(c) producing an acidic solution.

## 13. (Canceled)

- 14. (Previously presented) The method for generating an acid for a chemically-amplified photoresist or a color filter for liquid crystals of claim 12, wherein the metal atom is iridium.
- 15. (Previously presented) The method for generating an acid for a chemically-amplified photoresist or a color filter for liquid crystals of claim 12, wherein the metal atom is ruthenium.
- 16. (Previously presented) The method for generating an acid for a chemically-amplified photoresist or a color filter for liquid crystals of claim 12, wherein the metal atom is rhodium.
- 17. (Previously presented) The method for generating an acid for a chemically-amplified photoresist or a color filter for liquid crystals of claim 12, wherein the metal atom is cobalt.
- 18. (Previously presented) The method for generating an acid of claim the metal hydride complex is dissolved in an organic solvent.
- (Previously presented) The method for generating an acid of claim 12, wherein the metal hydride complex is dissolved in water.

Docket No.: 1422-0713PUS1 Art Unit: 1795

(I)

20. (Previously presented) The method for generating an acid of claim 18, wherein the organic solvent is one or more of acetonitrile, a primary, secondary or tertiary alcohol, a polyhydric alcohol, dimethyl formamide, dimethyl sulfoxide and ethyl acetate.

- 21. (Previously presented) The method for generating an acid of claim 4 wherein the organic solvent is methanol.
- 22. (Previously presented) The method for generating an acid of claim the organic solvent is methanol.
  - (New) A method for generating an acid, said method comprising:
     (a) providing a metal hydride complex of the following formula (I) in solution

wherein X represents a metal atom; and

- (b) exciting the metal hydride complex by irradiating the complex with a laser beam until deprotonation of the metal hydride complex takes place wherein deprotonation is caused only by excitation by said laser beam; thereby
  - (c) producing an acidic solution.

24. (New) A method for generating an acid, said method consisting essentially of:

(I)

wherein X represents a metal atom; and

- (b) exciting the metal hydride complex by irradiating the complex with a laser beam until deprotonation of the metal hydride complex takes place; thereby
  - (c) producing an acidic solution.
- 25. (New) A method for generating an acid for a chemically-amplified rhotoresist or a color filter for liquid crystals, said method comprising:
  - (a) providing a metal hydride complex of formula (I) in solution

(I)

Docket No.: 1422-0713PUS1 Art Unit: 1795

wherein X represents a metal atom; and

- (b) exciting the metal hydride complex by irradiating the complex with a laser beam until deprotonation of the metal hydride complex takes place wherein deprotonation is caused only by excitation by said laser beam; thereby
  - (c) producing an acidic solution.
- 26. (New) A method for generating an acid for a chemically-amplified photoresist or a color filter for liquid crystals, said method consisting essentially of:
  - (a) providing a metal hydride complex of formula (I) in solution

(I)

wherein X represents a metal atom; and

- (b) exciting the metal hydride complex by irradiating the complex with a laser beam until deprotonation of the metal hydride complex takes place; thereby
  - (c) producing an acidic solution.